2.1 Administration of the Program

The Lead Agency has broad authority to administer (i.e., establish rules) and operate (i.e., implement activities) the CCDF program through other governmental, non-governmental, or other public or private local agencies as long as it retains overall responsibility for the administration of the program. (658D(b), §98.11(a))

2.1.1. Which of the following CCDF program rules and policies are set or established at the State/Territory versus the local level? Identify the level at which the following CCDF program rules and policies are established.

Eligibility rules and policies (e.g., income limits) are set by the:

☑️ State/Territory
☐ Local entity.

If checked, provide the name(s) of the local entity:

☐ Other.
Describe:

Sliding fee scale is set by the:

☑️ State/Territory
☐ Local entity.

If checked, provide the name(s) of the local entity:

☐ Other.
Describe:

Payment rates are set by the:

☑️ State/Territory
☐ Local entity.
If checked, provide the name(s) of the local entity:

☐ Other.
Describe:

### 2.1.2. How is the CCDF program operated in your State/Territory?

In the table below, identify which agency(ies) performs these CCDF services and activities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Implementation of CCDF Services/Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Who determines eligibility?</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If different for families receiving TANF benefits and families not receiving TANF benefits, please describe:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency (Check all that apply)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ CCDF Lead Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ TANF agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Other State/Territory agency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Describe:

- Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments
- Child care resource and referral agencies
- Community-based organizations
- Other.

Describe:

### Who assists parents in locating child care (consumer education)?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency (Check all that apply)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ CCDF Lead Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ TANF agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Other State/Territory agency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Describe:

- Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments
- Child care resource and referral agencies
- Community-based organizations
- Other.

Describe:
2.2. Family Outreach and Application Process

Lead Agencies must inform parents of eligible children and the general public of the process by which they can apply for and potentially receive child care services. (658D(b)(1)(A), 658E(c)(2)(D) & (3)(B), §§98.16(k), 98.30(a)-(e). Note - For any information in questions 2.2.1 through 2.2.10 that differs or will differ for families receiving TANF, please describe in 2.2.11.

2.2.1. By whom and how are parents informed of the availability of child care assistance services under CCDF? (658E(c)(2)(A), §98.30(a)) Check all agencies and strategies that will be used in your State/Territory.

- CCDF Lead Agency
- TANF offices
- Other government offices
- Child care resource and referral agencies
- Contractors
- Community-based organizations
- Public schools
- Internet

(provide website): http://jfs.ohio.gov/cdc/childcare.stm

- Promotional materials
- Community outreach meetings, workshops or other in-person meetings
Radio and/or television
☐ Print media
☒ Other.
Describe:

The new edition of the Ohio Department of Health (ODH) “Guide to Wellness & Development for Families and Parents-to-Be” includes information for families regarding the availability of child care benefits. The guide is currently being printed in English, Spanish, Arabic and Somali.

2.2.2. How can parents apply for CCDF services? Check all application methods that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.

☒ In person interview or orientation
☒ By mail
☒ By Phone/Fax
☐ Through the Internet
(provide website):

☐ By Email
☐ Other.
Describe:

2.2.3. Describe how the Lead Agency provides consumer education to parents applying for CCDF assistance to promote informed choices about the quality of care provided by various providers.

Lead Agencies must certify that the State/Territory will collect and disseminate to parents of eligible children and the general public, consumer education information that will promote informed child care choices (658E (c)(2)(G), §98.33).

For example, memorandums of understanding with resource and referral agencies to provide consumer education to families applying for CCDF assistance, providing parents with provider lists showing licensing history and/or Quality Rating and Improvement System (QRIS) ratings, or informational brochures that address importance of quality and different care options available.

County Departments of Job and Family Services, Resource and Referral agencies, and community organizations provide information on subsidized child care and providers. The ODJFS website for licensing provides access to licensing reports and the Step Up To Quality (SUTQ) website provides data on star ratings, including a copy of a public service announcement released in 2010.
2.2.4. Describe how the Lead Agency will support child care programs to increase the likelihood that CCDF-served children receive higher quality care as defined in your State/Territory.

For example, methods used to promote upward movement in quality rating and improvement system, methods used to encourage high quality programs to participate in the subsidy program such as tiered reimbursement, or incentives used to support high quality programs in rural, suburban, urban, and low-income communities.

Programs participating in the Step Up to Quality (SUTQ) get an additional pay rate of up to 19%. The increase is based upon the quality level achieved in SUTQ.

2.2.5. How will the Lead Agency promote access to the CCDF subsidy program? Check the strategies that will be implemented by your State/Territory.

- Provide access to program office/workers such as by:
  - Providing extended office hours
  - Accepting applications at multiple office locations
  - Providing a toll-free number for clients
  - Other.
- Describe:

  Information posted on state website.

- Using a simplified eligibility determination process such as by:
  - Simplifying the application form (such as eliminating unnecessary questions, lowering the reading level)
  - Developing a single application for multiple programs
  - Developing web-based and/or phone-based application procedures
  - Coordinating eligibility policies across programs.
- List the program names:

  - Streamlining verification procedures, such as linking to other program data systems
  - Providing information multi-lingually
  - Including temporary periods of unemployment in eligibility criteria for new applicants (job search, seasonal unemployment).
- Length of time: 30 days

- Other.
- Describe:

  Allow reinstatement at income level above initial within 60 days after termination.

- Other.
2.2.6. Describe the Lead Agencies policies to promote continuity of care for children and stability for families. Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.

- Provide CCDF assistance during periods of job search.
  Length of time: 30 days

- Establish two-tiered income eligibility to allow families to continue to receive child care subsidies if they experience an increase in income but still remain below 85% of State median income (SMI)
- Synchronize review date across programs

List programs:

- Longer eligibility re-determination periods (e.g., 1 year).
  Describe:
  12 months

- Extend periods of eligibility for families who are also enrolled in either Early Head Start or Head Start and pre-k programs.
  Describe:
  A Head Start child who becomes ineligible for child care benefits remains eligible for Child Care services until the end of the Head Start program year.

- Extend periods of eligibility for school-age children under age 13 to cover the school year.
  Describe:

- Minimize reporting requirements for changes in family’s circumstances that do not impact families' eligibility, such as changes in income below a certain threshold or change in employment
- Targeted case management to help families find and keep stable child care
Using non-CCDF Funds to continue subsidy for families who no longer meet eligibility, such as for children who turn 13 years of age during the middle of a program year
☑ Other.
Describe:

Families who temporarily lose eligibility for up to 60 days may return to the CCDF program as long as their income does not exceed 200 percent (even if it is now above the intake threshold).

☐ None

2.2.7. How will the Lead Agency provide outreach and services to eligible families with limited English proficiency? Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.

☑ Application in other languages
☐ Informational materials in non-English languages
☐ Training and technical assistance in non-English languages
☐ Website in non-English languages
☐ Lead Agency accepts applications at local community-based locations
☑ Bilingual caseworkers or translators available
☐ Other.
Describe:

☐ None

(Optional) If the Lead Agency checked any option above related to providing information or services in other non-English languages, please describe the languages offered:

2.2.8. How will the Lead Agency overcome language barriers with providers? Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.

☑ Informational materials in non-English languages
☐ Training and technical assistance in non-English languages
☐ CCDF health and safety requirements in non-English languages
☑ Provider contracts or agreements in non-English languages
☐ Website in non-English languages
☑ Bilingual caseworkers or translators available
☐ Other.
Describe:

☐ None
(Optional) If the Lead Agency checked any option above related to providing information or services in other non-English languages, please describe the languages offered:

2.2.9. Describe how the Lead Agency documents and verifies applicant information using the table below. (§98.20(a))

Check the strategies that will be implemented by your State/Territory. Attach a copy of your parent application for the child care subsidy program(s) as Attachment 2.2.9 or provide a web address, if available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Lead Agency requires documentation of:</th>
<th>Describe how the Lead Agency documents and verifies applicant information:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ Applicant identity</td>
<td>Verification of U.S. citizenship for children: a birth, baptismal or church certificate showing a birthplace in the U.S.; a citizen certification, U.S. passport, consular's certification of birth or certificate of naturalization; for a child who is a qualified alien - his or her status may be verified by forms issued through the immigration and naturalization service, including the INS I-151, I-155 or I-94. No rule language for acceptable identification documents for adults.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Household composition</td>
<td>Statement of applicant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Applicant's relationship to the child</td>
<td>Statement of applicant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Child's information for determining eligibility (e.g., identity, age, etc.)</td>
<td>Statement of applicant; birth certificate; school record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Work, Job Training or Educational Program</td>
<td>Pay vouchers/receipts; statement from employer; training or school enrollment records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Income</td>
<td>Acceptable documentation of all sources of income may include pay stubs, business records, correspondence or data from the social security administration, data from the Ohio Bureau of Workers’ Compensation, data from providers of pension benefits or tax records for income from self-employment. If the income received is in cash without a receipt, contact with the employer/source of income is required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Other. Describe:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.2.10. Which strategies, if any, will the Lead Agency use to assure the timeliness of eligibility determinations upon receipt of applications?

- Time limit for making eligibility determinations.
  Describe length of time: **30 days**

- Track and monitor the eligibility determination process
  
- Other.
  Describe: **None**

2.2.11. Are the policies, strategies or processes provided in questions 2.1.1. through 2.1.10 different for families receiving TANF? (§§98.16(g)(4), 98.33(b), 98.50(e))

- Yes.
  If yes, describe:

- No.

2.2.12. Informing parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirement.

The regulations at §98.33(b) require the Lead Agency to inform parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the work requirement for any single custodial parent who has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care for a child under 6 years of age. Lead Agencies must coordinate with TANF programs to ensure, pursuant that TANF families with young children will be informed of their right not to be sanctioned if they meet the criteria set forth by the State TANF agency in accordance with section 407(e)(2) of the Social Security Act. In fulfilling this requirement, the following criteria or definitions are applied by the TANF agency to determine whether the parent has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care.

**NOTE:** The TANF agency, not the CCDF Lead Agency, is responsible for establishing the following criteria or definitions. These criteria or definitions are offered in this Plan as a matter of public record.

a) Identify the TANF agency that established these criteria or definitions:
   State/Territory TANF Agency: **Ohio Department of Job and Family Services**

b) Provide the following definitions established by the TANF agency.
   • "appropriate child care": the availability of a licensed or certified child care provider. (Administrative
Code rule 5101:1-3-12)

"reasonable distance": Reasonable distance is defined by each individual county agency and is based on availability of transportation. (Administrative Code rule 5101:1-3-12)

"unsuitability of informal child care": Unsuitability of informal child care is a decision made by the county agency, and is based on information it receives from the PCSA that the PCSA determines is relevant to share with the county agency in order to protect children pursuant to rule 5101:2-34-38 of the Administrative Code. Rule 5101:2-34-38 of the Administrative Code sets forth the policy regarding the sharing of information between the PCSA and the county agency related to child abuse and neglect. (Administrative Code rule 5101:1-3-12)

"affordable child care arrangements": Affordable child care arrangements means that all OWF participants are guaranteed eligibility for child care subsidy with copayments based on family size and income. (Administrative Code rule 5101:1-3-12)

c) How are parents who receive TANF benefits informed about the exception to individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirements?

- In writing
- Verbally
- Other.

Describe:

2.3. Eligibility Criteria for Child Care

In order to be eligible for services, children must (1) be under the age of 13, or under the age of 19 if the child is physically or mentally disabled or under court supervision; (2) reside with a family whose income is less than 85 percent of the State's median income for a family of the same size; and (3) reside with a parent or parents who is working or attending job training or an educational program; or (4) be receiving or needs to receive protective services. (658P(3), §98.20(a))

2.3.1. How does the Lead Agency define the following eligibility terms?

**residing with** -

- **residing with**— Sharing the same home with caretaker parent, person who has legal custody of the child, a guardian of the child or any other person who stands in loco parentis with respect to the child, and whose presence in the home is needed as caretaker of the child.

**in loco parentis** -
"In loco parentis" means an adult who is the caretaker of a child, including a relative, foster parent or step-parent, who is charged with the rights, duties and responsibilities of a parent and whose presence in the home is needed to perform these rights, duties and responsibilities.

2.3.2. Eligibility Criteria Based Upon Age

a) The Lead Agency serves children from 0 weeks to 12 years (maximum age under age 13).

b) Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children age 13 and above but below age 19 years who are physically and/or mentally incapable of self-care? (658E(c)(3)(B), 658P(3), §98.20(a)(1)(ii))

☑ Yes, and the upper age is 18

Provide the Lead Agency definition of physical or mental incapacity -

Physical or mental incapacity is when a child who is under 18 years old cannot function according to age-appropriate expectations in one or more of the following areas of development: social/emotional, cognitive, communication, perceptual-motor, physical, or behavioral development, or if the child has chronic health issues. The child's delays/conditions(s) affect development to the extent that the child requires special adaptations, modified facilities, program adjustments or related services on a regular basis in order to function in an adaptive manner.

☐ No.

c) Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children age 13 and above but below age 19 years who are under court supervision? (658P(3), 658E(c)(3)(B), §98.20(a)(1)(ii))

Yes, and the upper age is ☑ No.

2.3.3. Eligibility Criteria Based Upon Work, Job Training or Educational Program

a) How does the Lead Agency define "working" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide a narrative description below, including allowable activities and if a minimum number of hours is required.

Reminder - Lead Agencies have the flexibility to include any work-related activities in its definition of working, including periods of job search and travel time. (§§98.16(f)(3), 98.20(b))
b) Does the Lead Agency provide CCDF child care assistance to parents who are attending job training or an educational program? (§§98.16(g)(5), 98.20(b))

✔ Yes.

If yes, how does the Lead Agency define "attending job training or educational program" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide a narrative description below.

Reminder - Lead Agencies have the flexibility to include any training or education-related activities in its definition of job training or education, including study time and travel time.

- attending job training or educational program -

  Caretakers who participate in the food assistance employment and training program may be eligible for child care benefits. Child care shall be necessary for the caretaker to comply with the requirements of their food assistance employment and training program plan.

A minor parent who participates in the learning, earning and parenting (LEAP) program may apply for child care benefits. The family shall be defined as the minor parent and the children of the minor parent.

Child care may be approved for activities required to meet compliance with the LEAP program. A caretaker who is engaged in employment, training or education activities may be eligible for child care benefits if the family’s gross monthly income does not exceed the maximum monthly gross income per household size, as shown in the appendix to this rule, and child care is necessary for at least one of the following reasons:

1. To permit the caretaker to participate in paid employment on a full-time or a part-time basis.
2. To permit the caretaker to participate in a training or education activity which prepares the caretaker for paid employment.
3. To permit the caretaker to participate in an OWF activity in order to meet OWF requirements if the caretaker is sanctioned under OWF.
4. To allow child care after the expiration of twelve months of transitional child care benefits.

A caretaker shall have a need for child care for a child who is under age 13 or under age 18 with special needs.

Child care shall be reasonably related to hours of employment, training or education and may exceed twenty-four consecutive hours when the caretaker’s hours of employment, training or education indicate such a need. Travel time, not to exceed four hours round trip, shall be allowed. Sleep time shall be allowed, not to exceed eight hours on a case-by-case basis, for a caretaker who is employed during the night.

A caretaker who is engaged in basic education activities that take place at an education or training site may be eligible for child care. Basic education activities are defined as follows:

1. High school or equivalent education.
2. Remedial high school education.
3. Adult basic and literacy education (ABLE).
4. Education for individuals with limited English proficiency.

A caretaker who is engaged in post-secondary education activities may be eligible for child care.

1. Post-secondary education activities are defined as: college classes, technical classes or vocational classes that are part of a course of study leading to a degree, a certificate or a license.
2. The classes shall be approved by an accredited institution of higher education, an institution that has a certificate issued or has authorization from the Ohio board of regents, or an institution that has a
registration from the state board of school and college registration.

(3) When education activities are accessed via electronic media, the number of hours approved for child care shall not exceed the number of credit hours per week for the course, as defined by the educational institution.

A caretaker who is engaged in post-secondary education shall not be eligible for child care when the caretaker has completed the requirements for a baccalaureate degree, unless the education is necessary to meet specific requirements associated with maintaining the caretaker’s employment, certification or licensure.

A caretaker who has completed 144 undergraduate semester hours or 216 undergraduate quarter hours, or the combined equivalent hours, shall not be eligible for child care benefits for post-secondary education.

A caretaker who is engaged in vocational job skills training activities or occupational job skills training activities may be eligible for child care.

(1) Job skills training activities shall be limited to education that is directly related to the individual’s employment goal and shall be approved by an accredited institution of higher education, an institution that has a certificate issued or has authorization from the Ohio board of regents, or an institution that has a registration from the state board of school and college registration.

(2) Job skills training activities may include, but are not limited to:

(a) Classroom job skills training.
(b) Supervised on-the-job skills training.
(c) Refresher job skills training.

A caretaker shall have a record of satisfactory participation, as defined by the school or institution, in an education or training activity in order to be eligible for child care.

☐ No.

2.3.4. Eligibility Criteria Based Upon Receiving or Needing to Receive Protective Services

a) Does the Lead Agency provide child care to children in protective services? (§§98.16(f)(7), 98.20(a)(3)(ii)(A) & (B))

☑ Yes.

If yes, how does the Lead Agency define "protective services" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide a narrative description below.

Reminder - Lead Agencies have the flexibility to define protective services beyond formal child welfare or foster care cases. Lead Agencies may elect to include homeless children and other vulnerable populations in the definition of protective services.

Note - If the Lead Agency elects to provide CCDF-funded child care to children in foster care whose foster care parents are not working, or who are not in education/training activities for CCDF purposes these children are considered to be in protective services and should be included in this definition.

protective services

• protective services –

Protective services exists when the public children services agency has provided a case plan, as required in section 2151.412 of the Revised Code, and the plan is prepared and maintained for the child
and caretaker who is requesting child care benefits.

☐ No.

b) Does the Lead Agency waive, on a case-by-case basis, the co-payment and income eligibility requirements for cases in which children receive, or need to receive, protective services? (658E(c)(3)(B), 658P(3)(C)(ii), §98.20(a)(3)(ii)(A))

☑ Yes, ☐ No.

2.3.5. Income Eligibility Criteria

a) How does the Lead Agency define "income" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide the Lead Agency's definition of "income" for purposes of eligibility determination. (§§98.16(g)(5), 98.20(b))

income -

- income–

"Gross earned income" means the total amount of gross earnings received in a month by all of the employed individuals in the family including, wages legally obligated to all members of the family but which are diverted to a third party.

"Gross self-employment earnings" means the total profit from a business enterprise.

"Gross unearned income" means the total amount of unearned income that is received in the month by all members of the family. Unearned income is income that is not gross earned income or is not gross earned income from self-employment, as defined in this rule. Unearned income includes cash contributions received by the family from persons, organizations or assistance agencies, social security administration (SSA) disability, death or retirement benefits, and child support payments.

b) Which of the following sources of income, if any, will the Lead Agency exclude from calculations of total family income for the purposes of eligibility determination? Check any income the Lead Agency chooses to exclude, if any.

☑ Adoption subsidies
☑ Foster care payments
☑ Alimony received or paid
☐ Child support received
☑ Child support paid
☐ Federal nutrition programs
☑ Federal tax credits
☐ State/Territory tax credits
☐ Housing allotments, Low-Income Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) or energy assistance
☐ Medical expenses or health insurance related expenses
Military housing or other allotment/bonuses
Scholarships, education loans, grants, income from work study
Social Security Income
Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
Veteran’s benefits
Unemployment Insurance
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
Worker Compensation
Other types of income not listed above:

Kinship Permanency Incentive (KPI) payments made in accordance with the requirements of rule 5101:2-40-04 of the Administrative Code. Payments made with county funds to increase the amount of cash assistance an assistance group receives in accordance with section 5107.03 of the Revised Code.

Contributions for shared living arrangements. These include cash payments received by a family from an individual who is not a family member but who resides in the household and shares responsibility for the household expenses through an informal arrangement. The cash payment given to the family is not available to the family because the payment represents the non-family member’s share of the household expenses.

Bona fide loans from any source, including rural housing loans made by Federal Housing Administration (FHA).

Experimental housing allowance program payments made under annual contributions on contracts entered into prior to January 1975, under section 23 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937.

HUD community development block grant funds paid under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (public law 93-383).

Home energy assistance support and maintenance paid in cash or in-kind, public laws 97-377 (December 21, 1982), 97-424 (January 6, 1983), and 98-21 (April 20, 1983).

Income tax refunds received by any of the family members.

The verified amount which is being garnished from the income.

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) payments when received as part of an income tax refund.

The value of surplus commodities donated by the department of agriculture.

Benefits received under Title VII, nutrition program for the elderly, Older Americans Act of 1965, Public Law 93-150.

Retroactive payments made as a result of a state hearing.

Escrow accounts established or credited as the direct result of the assistance group’s involvement in family self-sufficiency on or after May 15, 1992.

Ohio Works First (OWF) cash payment for support services, pursuant to section 5107.66 of the Revised Code.
Prevention, Retention and Contingency (PRC) payments.

The value of food stamp allotments.

Money received in the form of a nonrecurring lump sum payment including, but not limited to, retroactive lump sum social security, SSI or pension benefits, retroactive lump sum insurance settlements; retroactive lump sum payment of child support arrearage; refunds of security deposits on rental property or utilities or PRC payments not defined as cash assistance.

Income excluded under the food stamp program regulations, as set forth in rule 5101:4-4-13 of the Administrative Code, unless the income is included under the provisions of this rule.

Any other income amounts that federal statutes or regulations require be excluded.

☐ None

c) Whose income will be excluded, if any, for purposes of eligibility determination? Check anyone the Lead Agency chooses to exclude, if any.

☐ Children under age 18
☐ Children age 18 and over - still attending school
☐ Teen parents living with parents
☐ Unrelated members of household
☐ All members of household except for parents/legal guardians
☐ Other.
Describe:

☐ None

d) Provide the CCDF income eligibility limits in the table below. Complete columns (a) and (b) based upon maximum eligibility initial entry into the CCDF program. Complete Columns (c) and (d) ONLY IF the Lead Agency is using income eligibility limits lower than 85% of the SMI.

Reminder - Income limits must be provided in terms of State Median Income (SMI) (or Territory Median Income) even if federal poverty level is used in implementing the program. (§98.20(a)(2)). FY 2011 poverty guidelines are available at http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/11poverty.shtml.

| IF APPLICABLE Income Level if lower than 85% SMI |
e) Will the Lead Agency have "tiered eligibility" (i.e., a separate income limit at redetermination to remain eligible for the CCDF program)?

☑ Yes.

If yes, provide the requested information from the table in 2.3.5d and describe below:

**Note:** This information can be included in the table below.

125 FPL is for initial eligibility and 200 FPL is for outtake.

☐ No.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Family Size</th>
<th>(a) 100% of State Median Income (SMI)($/month)</th>
<th>(b) 85% of State Median Income (SMI)($/month) [Multiply (a) by 0.85]</th>
<th>(c) $/month</th>
<th>(d) % of SMI [Divide (c) by (a), multiply by 100]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>3477</td>
<td>2955</td>
<td>1135</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>4336</td>
<td>3685</td>
<td>1533</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>5129</td>
<td>4360</td>
<td>1931</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
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<td>4</td>
<td>6087</td>
<td>5174</td>
<td>2329</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IF APPLICABLE Income Level if lower than 85% SMI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Family Size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
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</table>

d) SMI Year FFY 2009 and SMI Source LIHEAP-IM

g) These eligibility limits in column (c) became or will become effective on:

July 1, 2011
2.3.6. Eligibility Re-determination

a) What is the re-determination period upon initial authorization of CCDF services for most families?

☐ 6 months
☑ 12 months
☐ 24 months
☐ Other.
Describe:

☐ Length of eligibility varies by county or other jurisdiction.
Describe:

b) Is the re-determination period the same for all CCDF eligible families?

☑ Yes.
☐ No. If no, check the categories of families for whom authorizations are different and describe the re-determination period for each.

☐ Families enrolled in Head Start and/or Early Head Start Programs.
Re-determination period:

☐ Families enrolled in pre-kindergarten programs.
Re-determination period:

☐ Families receiving TANF.
Re-determination period:

☐ Families who are very-low income, but not receiving TANF.
Re-determination period:

☐ Other.
Describe:

c) Does the Lead Agency use a simplified process at re-determination?

☐ Yes.
If yes, describe:
2.3.7. Waiting Lists

Describe the Lead Agency’s waiting list status. Select ONE of these options.

- Lead Agency currently does not have a waiting list and:
  - All eligible families who apply will be served under State/Territory eligibility rules
  - Not all eligible families who apply will be served under State/Territory eligibility rules
- Lead Agency has an active waiting list for:
  - Any eligible family who applies when they cannot be served at the time of application
  - Only certain eligible families.

Describe those families:

- Waiting lists are a county/local decision. Describe:

- Other. Describe:

2.3.8. Appeal Process for Eligibility Determinations

Describe the process for families to appeal eligibility determinations:

Ohio Administrative Code 5101:6-2-03 Notice of denial of an application for benefits.

(A) When the agency denies an application for or a requested change in public assistance or social services, the assistance group shall be provided prompt written notice of the decision.

(1) The notice shall contain a clear and understandable statement of the action the agency has taken and the reasons for it, cite the applicable regulations, explain the individual’s right to and the method of obtaining a county conference and a state hearing, and contain a telephone number to call about free
legal services.

(2) “Notice of Denial of Your Application for Assistance,” JFS 07334 (rev. 10/2007), or the ODJFS computer-generated denial notice, shall be used.

(B) When the agency denies an application or reapplication for or a requested change in food stamp benefits, the assistance group shall be provided written notice of the decision.

(1) The ODJFS computer-generated denial notices are the only notices that may be used for denial of applications for food stamp benefits. When the agency denies an application for food stamp benefits, “Notice of Denial of Your Application for Assistance,” JFS 07334, any version shall not be used.

(2) Timing of the notice shall be in accordance with rule 5101:4-5-07 of the Administrative Code.

(3) The notice shall contain a clear and understandable statement of the action the agency has taken and the reasons for it, cite the applicable regulations, explain the assistance group’s right to and the method of obtaining a county conference and a state hearing, and contain the name and telephone number of the person to contact for more information and a telephone number to call about free legal services.

(4) When the denial is caused by the assistance group’s failure to take action to complete the application process, as described in rule 5101:4-5-07 of the Administrative Code, the notice shall also explain what action the assistance group must take to reactivate the application, that the case will be reopened without a new application if action is taken within thirty days of the mailing date of the denial notice, and that the assistance group must submit a new application if, at the end of the thirty-day period, the assistance group has not taken the needed action and wishes to participate in the program.

(5) When the agency is at fault for not completing the application process by the end of the second thirty-day period, but the case file is not complete enough to reach an eligibility determination, if the agency chooses to deny the case, the notice of denial shall be accompanied by notification to the assistance group to file a new application and of its possible entitlement to benefits lost as a result of agency delay.

(6) See rule 5101:4-2-02 of the Administrative Code for additional information that must accompany notice of denial for assistance groups with actual or potential categorical eligibility.

2.4. Sliding Fee Scale and Family Contribution

The statute and regulations require Lead Agencies to establish a sliding fee scale that varies based on income and the size of the family to be used in determining each family’s contribution (i.e., co-payment) to the cost of child care (658E(c)(3)(B) § 98.42).

2.4.1. Attach a copy of the sliding fee scale as Attachment 2.4.1.

The attached sliding fee scale was or will be effective as of: 7/1/2011

2.4.2. Will the attached sliding fee scale provided as Attachment 2.4.1. be used in all parts of the State/Territory?

☐ Yes
☐ No.
2.4.3. What income source and year will be used in creating the sliding fee scale? (658E(c)(3)(B)) Check only one option.

☐ State Median Income,
Year:

☐ Federal Poverty Level,
Year: 2011

☐ Income source and year varies by geographic region.
Describe income source and year:
☐ Other.
Describe income source and year:

2.4.4. How will the family's contribution be calculated and to whom will it be applied? Check all that the Lead Agency has chosen to use. (§98.42(b))

☐ Fee as dollar amount and
☐ Fee as percent of income and
☐ Contribution schedule varies by geographic area.
Describe:

☐ Other.
Describe:
If the Lead Agency checked more than one of the options above, describe:

N/A

2.4.5. Will the Lead Agency use other factors in addition to income and family size to determine each family's contribution to the cost of child care? (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.42(b))

☐ Yes, and describe those additional factors:

☑ No.

2.4.6. The Lead Agency may waive contributions from families whose incomes are at or below the poverty level for a family of the same size. (§98.42(c)). Select ONE of these options.

Reminder - Lead Agencies are reminded that the co-payments may be waived for only two circumstances - for families at or below the poverty level or on a case-by-case basis for children falling under the definition of "protective services" (as defined in 2.3.4.a).

☑ ALL families, including those with incomes at or below the poverty level for families of the same size, ARE required to pay a fee.

☐ NO families with income at or below the poverty level for a family of the same size ARE required to pay a fee.

The poverty level used by the Lead Agency for a family of 3 is:

☐ SOME families with income at or below the poverty level for a family of the same size ARE NOT required to pay a fee. The Lead Agency waives the fee for the following families:

The Lead Agency waives the fee for the following families:

Families cannot be assessed a copay that exceeds 10% of their monthly income.

2.5. Prioritizing Services for Eligible Children and Families

At a minimum, CCDF requires Lead Agencies to give priority for child care assistance to
children with special needs, or in families with very low incomes. Prioritization of CCDF assistance services is not limited to eligibility determination (i.e., establishment of a waiting list or ranking of eligible families in priority order to be served). Lead Agencies may fulfill priority requirements in other ways such as higher payment rates for providers caring for children with special needs or waiving co-payments for families with very low incomes (at or below the federal poverty level). (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.44)

2.5.1. How will the Lead Agency prioritize child care services to children with special needs or in families with very low incomes? (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.44) Lead Agencies have the discretion to define children with special needs and children in families with very low incomes. Lead Agencies are not limited in defining children with special needs to only those children with physical or mental disabilities (e.g., with a formal Individual Education Plan (IEP) required under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)). Lead Agencies could consider children in the child welfare system, children of teen parents, or homeless children as examples of children with special needs.

Children with special needs

Provide the Lead Agency definition of Children with Special Needs:

“Special needs” means providing child care services to a child who is under eighteen years old who does not function according to age appropriate expectations in one or more of the following areas of development: social/emotional, cognitive, communication, perceptual-motor, physical, or behavioral development, or the child has chronic health issues. The child’s delays/conditions(s) affect development to the extent that the child requires special adaptations, modified facilities, program adjustments or related services on a regular basis in order to function in an adaptive manner.

Describe:

N/A

Children in families with very low incomes

Provide the Lead Agency definition of Children in Families with Very Low Incomes:

at or below 100% FPL

Describe:

N/A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>How will the Lead Agency prioritize CCDF services for:</th>
<th>Eligibility Priority (Check only one)</th>
<th>Is there a time limit on the eligibility priority or guarantee?</th>
<th>Other Priority Rules</th>
</tr>
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</table>
2.5.2. How will CCDF funds be used to provide child care assistance to meet the needs of families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), those attempting to transition off TANF through work activities, and those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF? (658E(c)(2)(H), Section 418(b)(2) of the Social Security Act, §§98.50(e), 98.16(g)(4)) 

Reminder - CCDF requires that not less than 70 percent of CCDF Mandatory and Matching funds be used to provide child care assistance for families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), those attempting to transition off TANF through work activities, and those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF.

- Use priority rules to meet the needs of TANF families (describe in 2.5.1 or 2.5.3.)
- Waive fees (co-payments) for some or all TANF families who are below poverty level
- Coordinate with other entities (i.e. TANF office, other State/Territory agencies, and contractors)
- Other.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Children with special needs</th>
<th>Priority over other CCDF-eligible families</th>
<th>Same priority as other CCDF-eligible families</th>
<th>Guaranteed subsidy eligibility</th>
<th>Other.</th>
<th>Yes.</th>
<th>Different eligibility thresholds.</th>
<th>Describe:</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Children in families with very low incomes</td>
<td>Priority over other CCDF-eligible families</td>
<td>Same priority as other CCDF-eligible families</td>
<td>Guaranteed subsidy eligibility</td>
<td>Other.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Different eligibility thresholds.</td>
<td>Describe:</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Waiving co-payments for families with incomes at or below the Federal Poverty Level</td>
<td>Other.</td>
<td>Describe:</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.5.3. List and define any other eligibility conditions, priority rules and definitions that will be established by the Lead Agency. (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.16(g)(5), §98.20(b))

Reminder - Lead Agencies are reminded that any eligibility criteria and terms provided below must comply with the eligibility requirements of §98.20 and provided in section 2.2. Any priority rules provided must comply with the priority requirements of §98.44 and provided in section 2.4.1.

**Term(s) - Definition(s)**

Describe:

N/A

2.6. Parental Choice In Relation to Certificates, Grants or Contracts

The parent(s) of each eligible child who receives or is offered financial assistance for child care services has the option of either enrolling such child with a provider that has a grant or contract for the provision of service or receiving a child care certificate. (658E(c)(2)(A), §98.15(a))

2.6.1. Child Care Certificates

a) When is the child care certificate (also referred to as voucher or authorization) issued to parents? (658E(c)(2)(A)(iii), 658P(2), §98.2, §98.30(c)(4) & (e)(1) & (2))

☑ Before parent has selected a provider
☐ After parent has selected a provider
☐ Other.

Describe:

b) How does the Lead Agency inform parents that the child care certificate permits them to choose from a variety of child care categories, including child care centers, child care group homes, family child care homes, and in-home providers? (§98.30(e)(2))

☐ Certificate form provides information about choice of providers
☑ Certificate is not linked to a specific provider so parents can choose provider of choice
☐ Consumer education materials (flyers, forms, brochures)
☐ Referral to child care resource and referral agencies
☑ Verbal communication at the time of application
☐ Public Services Announcement
Agency Website:

- Community outreach meetings, workshops, other in person activities
- Multiple points of communication throughout the eligibility and renew process
- Other.

Describe:

c) What information is included on the child care certificate? **Attach a copy of the child care certificate as Attachment 2.6.1. (658E(c)(2)(A)(iii))**

- Authorized provider(s)
- Authorized payment rate(s)
- Authorized hours
- Co-payment amount
- Authorization period
- Other.

Describe:

d) What is the estimated proportion of services that will be available for child care services through certificates?

N/A

2.6.2. Child Care Services Available through Grants or Contracts

a) In addition to offering certificates, does the Lead Agency provide child care services through grants or contracts for child care slots? (658A(b)(1), 658P(4), §§98.16(g)(1), 98.30(a)(1) & (b)). **Note:** Do not check "yes" if every provider is simply required to sign an agreement in order to be paid in the certificate program.

- Yes.
  If yes, **describe** the type(s) of child care services available through grants or contracts, the process for accessing grants or contracts, and the range of providers that will be available through grants or contracts:

  [Blank space for description]

- No.
b) Will the Lead Agency use grants or contracts for child care services to achieve any of the following? Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory chooses to implement.

- [x] Increase the supply of specific types of care
- [x] Programs to serve children with special needs
- [ ] Wrap-around or integrated child care in Head Start, Early Head Start, pre-k, summer or other programs
- [x] Programs to serve infant/toddler
- [ ] School-age programs
- [ ] Center-based providers
- [ ] Family child care providers
- [ ] Group-home providers
- [ ] Programs that serve specific geographic areas
- [ ] Urban
- [ ] Rural
- [ ] Other.

Describe:

- [x] Support programs in providing higher quality services
- [ ] Support programs in providing comprehensive services
- [ ] Serve underserved families.

Specify:

- [ ] Other.

Describe:

c) Are child care services provided through grants or contracts offered throughout the State/Territory? (658E(a), §98.16(g)(3))

- [x] Yes.
- [ ] No.

and **identify** the localities (political subdivisions) and services that are not offered:
d) How are payment rates for child care services provided through grants/contracts determined?

Market Rate Survey and analysis.

e) What is the estimated proportion of direct services that will be available for child care services through grants/contracts?

100%

2.6.3. How will the Lead Agency inform parents and providers of policies and procedures for affording parents unlimited access to their children whenever their children are in the care of a provider who receives CCDF funds? (658E(c)(2)(B), §98.31) Check the strategies that will be implemented by your State/Territory.

☑ Signed declaration
☑ Parent Application
☐ Parent Orientation
☑ Provider Agreement
☑ Provider Orientation
☐ Other.
Describe:

2.6.4. The Lead Agency must allow for in-home care (i.e., care provided in the child’s own home) but may limit its use. (§§98.16(g)(2), 98.30(e)(1)(iv)) Will the Lead Agency limit the use of in-home care in any way?

☐ No
☑ Yes. If checked, what limits will the Lead Agency set on the use of in-home care? Check all limits the Lead Agency will establish.
☐ Restricted based on minimum number of children in the care of the provider to meet minimum wage law or Fair Labor Standards Act
☐ Restricted based on provider meeting a minimum age requirement
☐ Restricted based on hours of care (certain number of hours, non-traditional work hours)
☐ Restricted to care by relatives
☐ Restricted to care for children with special needs or medical condition
☐ Restricted to in-home providers that meet some basic health and safety requirements
☑ Other.
A provider of in-home care can care for only the children of one family.

2.6.5. Describe how the Lead Agency maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints about providers and makes substantiated parental complaints available to the public on request. (658E(c)(2)(C), §98.32)

OAC Rules 5101:2-12-08 and 5101:2-13-08 state that the director of ODJFS shall complete a disposition report for each licensed child care facility complaint at the conclusion of the investigation. This report shall be kept on file at ODJFS/BCCD and a copy of the complaint, with confidential information redacted, shall be provided to any person who submits a request to the director (lead agency’s administrator).

Additionally, ODJFS/BCCD maintains a website offering access to information regarding substantiated complaint investigations on licensed facilities. Complaint investigation reports are posted for the current licensure period only. Complaints regarding Type B home providers and in-home aides providing child care in the child’s home, are investigated by the CDJFS. OAC Rule 5101:2-14-03 specifies the investigation requirements for such complaints.

2.7. Payment Rates for Child Care Services

The statute at 658E(c)(4) and the regulations at §98.43(b)(1) require the Lead Agency to establish adequate payment rates for child care services that ensure eligible children equal access to comparable care.

2.7.1. Provide a copy of your payment rates as Attachment 2.7.1.

The attached payment rates were or will be effective as of: 7.31.2009

2.7.2. Are the attached payment rates provided in Attachment 2.7.1 used in all parts of the State/Territory?

☐ Yes.
☐ No. If no, attach other payment rates and their effective date(s) as Attachment 2.7.2a, 2.7.2b, etc.
2.7.3. Which strategies, if any, will the Lead Agency use to ensure the timeliness of payments?

- Policy on length of time for making payments.
  
  Describe length of time: **No more than ninety-days from day of service provided.**

- Track and monitor the payment process
  
  Other.
  
  Describe:

- None

2.7.4. Market Rate Survey

Lead Agencies must complete a local Market Rate Survey (MRS) no earlier than two years prior to the effective date of the Plan (no earlier than October 1, 2009). The MRS must be completed prior to the submission of the CCDF Plan (see Program Instruction CCDF-ACF-PI-2009-02 http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ccb/law/guidance/current/pi2009-02/pi2009-02.htm for more information on the MRS deadline).

a) Provide the month and year when the local Market Rate Survey(s) was completed (§98.43(b)(2)): **10/2010**

b) Attach a copy of the MRS instrument and a summary of the results of the survey as Attachment 2.7.4. For Lead Agencies that use an administrative provider database, provide a copy of the intake form as the instrument. The summary should include a description of the sample population, data source, the type of methodology used, response rate, description of analyses, and key findings.

2.7.5. Will the Lead Agency use the local Market Rate Survey identified in 2.7.4a (i.e., the most recent MRS) to set its payment rates?

- Yes
- No.

If no, list the MRS year that the payment rate ceiling is based upon: **2008**

2.7.6. At what percentile of the most recent local MRS are or will payment rates be set? Provide the percentile for your payment rate ceiling in relation to the most recent survey and describe:
Note: Identify the percentile where payment rates fall according to the most recent local MRS (identified in 2.7.4a) regardless of whether or not you use the most recent survey to set rates. If the percentile(s) varies across categories of care (e.g., different for centers and family child care homes), regions or ages of children, provide the range of the highest and lowest percentile in relation to the most recent survey.

21st Percentile of the 2010 Market Rate.

2.7.7. Will the Lead Agency provide any type of tiered reimbursement or differential rates on top of its base reimbursement rates for providing care for children receiving CCDF subsidies? Check which types of tiered reimbursement, if any, the Lead Agency has chosen to implement.

☑ Differential rate for nontraditional hours.
Describe:

Non-traditional hours are defined as care provided between 7pm and 6am M-F and weekends.

☑ Differential rate for children with special needs as defined by the State/Territory.
Describe:

“Special needs” means providing child care services to a child who is under eighteen years old who does not function according to age appropriate expectations in one or more of the following areas of development: social/emotional, cognitive, communication, perceptual-motor, physical, or behavioral development, or the child has chronic health issues. The child’s delays/conditions(s) affect development to the extent that the child requires special adaptations, modified facilities, program adjustments or related services on a regular basis in order to function in an adaptive manner.

☐ Differential rate for infants and toddlers.
Describe:

☐ Differential rate for school-age programs.
Describe:

☐ Differential rate for higher quality as defined by the State/Territory.
Describe:

Additional payment of up to 19% more for providers who participate in Ohio’s Step Up to Quality rating system.
Other differential rate.
Describe:

Additional payment of up to 5% for providers who are accredited by an ODJFS-approved accrediting body.

None.

2.7.8. Will the Lead Agency allow providers to charge parents any additional fees?
Check the policies, if any, the Lead Agency has chosen to establish regarding additional fees.

☐ Providers are allowed to charge the difference between the maximum reimbursement rate and their private pay rate
☐ Providers are allowed to charge registration fees
☐ Providers are allowed to charge for transportation fees
☐ Providers are allowed to charge for meals.
☐ Providers are allowed to charge additional incidental fees such as field trips or supplies
☐ Policies vary across region, counties and or geographic areas.
Describe:

☐ No, providers may not charge parents any additional fees
☐ Other.
Describe:

A provider may charge families for fees which are not included in the provider’s reimbursement from the State and may also charge for absent days in excess of what the Department offers to pay.

☐ None

2.7.9. Describe how payment rates are adequate to ensure equal access to the full range of providers based on the Market Rate Survey.

CCDF regulations require the Lead Agency to certify that the payment rates for the provision of child care services are sufficient to ensure equal access for eligible families to child care services comparable to those provided to families not eligible to receive CCDF assistance. To demonstrate equal access, the Lead Agency shall provide at a minimum a summary of facts describing: (§98.43(a))
a) How a choice of the full range of providers, e.g., child care centers, family child care homes, group child care homes and in-home care, is made available (§98.43(a)(1)):

Caretaker’s who are determined eligible may choose any Eligible Provider. An Eligible Provider is a provider a licensed child care center, Type A child care home, Certified Type B child care home, Certified In-home Aide, licensed school child care center, licensed preschool program, licensed school child program, an approved day camp, or a camp accredited by the American Camping Association. Any of these entities who have entered into a Provider Agreement with the Department may provide Publicly Funded Child Care services.

b) How payment rates are adequate based on the most recent local MRS (§98.43(a)(2)):

Equal access has been assured in Ohio is by conducting a Market Rate Survey every biennium and establishing rates for each provider type and child age group. During the review process of the most recent market rate survey, conducted by The Ohio State University and completed October, 2010, the primary goal of the project was to develop reasonable estimates of the distribution of unsubsidized rates charged within well-defined service categories. In addition, a secondary goal was to identify, if they exist, unique market areas within the state where the distributions of rates are both statistically and meaningfully different across the areas.

Six market categories were established. Market rates have been established at the twenty sixth (26th) percentile statewide of the 2008 MRS for all provider types and age groups. (Note: this is roughly the equivalent of the 21st percentile of the 2010 MRS).

c) How family co-payments based on a sliding fee scale are affordable (§98.43(a)(3)):

Family co-payments range from zero to ten percent of a family’s gross monthly income.

d) Any additional facts the Lead Agency considered to determine that its payment rates ensure equal access:

The State of Ohio does not utilize any statewide waiting lists for subsidized child care services.

2.7.10 Goals for the next Biennium -

In this section, Lead Agencies are asked to identify at least one goal for the upcoming biennium. Lead Agencies are encouraged to include measurable and achievable goals. Lead Agencies may include existing goals (e.g., already identified in a State strategic plan or established by the Governor for a Lead Agency). ACF will target technical assistance efforts to help Lead Agencies achieve their goal(s). What are the Lead Agency’s goals for the administration of the CCDF subsidy program in the coming Biennium? For example, what progress does the State/Territory expect to make on continuing improved services to parents and providers, continuity of care for children,
improving outreach to parents and providers, building or expanding information technology systems, or revising rate setting policies or practices):

ODJFS will increase, through the Child Care Information Data System (CCIDS), the efficiency of administering the subsidized child care program by reducing errors (to include ACF 402 Report), obtaining accurate and detailed data for analysis and data mining, and increasing automation.

ODJFS will begin planning to develop an Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan.